Expat CEOs a Rare Commodity in India Inc

Cos largely homogeneous in appointments; 28 non-India expat CEOs among 2,521 appointed by 2,048 listed cos at end of FY24

Kiran.Somvanshi@timesgroup.com

Mumbai: After Thierry Delaporte's exit from Wipro, only three companies in Nifty-50 index will have an expat CEO – Maruti Suzuki, Dr Reddy's Labs and Kotak Mahindra Bank. This 6% representation in a group of India's 50 leading companies is still high compared to other listed companies.

According to data sourced from Prime Database, there are 28 non-India expat CEOs among the 2,521 CEOs cumulatively appointed by 2,048 listed companies at end of FY24. The number of expat CEOs has hovered around the same levels over the past decade with several being individuals of Indian origin.

In a country that is a CEO factory for the world, an expat CEO remains an exotic species. India Inc has largely been homogeneous in its C-suite appointments with a clear preference for home-bred desi CEOs. This is due to a variety of reasons such as cost, culture fit, understanding of the market complexities & regulatory systems.

Companies in the more globalised aviation and pharma sectors – Air India, Indigo, DRL, Biocon(at the group level) and Syngene International - have managed to rope in expat CEOs. Sun Pharma too roped in Israel Makov, former CEO of Teva Pharma, as the chairman of its board for ten years ending 2022. In the past, Ranbaxy, Jet Airways and Spicejet have had expat CEOs.

Cos in more globalised aviation and pharma sectors have managed to rope in foreign CEOs Among business groups, Tata group has been at the forefront in onboarding expat CEOs. Air India, Tata Technologies and Agratas (Tata group's battery cell company) currently are led by expat CEOs while Tata Motors, Vis-

tara and Tata Teleservices have had expat CEOs in the past. Reliance Digital has had an expat

CEO Brian Bade since 2010.

The multinational FMCG companies like HUL and P&G have traditionally preferred to have an Indian CEO to helm their Indian operations rather than have

Year
Mar 31, 2015
Mar 31, 2016
Mar 31, 2017
Mar 31, 2018
Mar 31, 2019
Mar 31, 2020
Mar 31, 2020
Mar 31, 2021
Mar 31, 2021

Source: primeinfobase.com

an outsider lead it. Nestle India was an exception. The company appointed expats to lead their India operations. However, that practice changed since the Maggi noodles controversy in 2015. Certain MNCs in consumer durables and non-consumer space such as Maruti Suzuki, BASF India, JTKET India and

Kingfa Science & Technology have appo-

Expat MD/

CEOs (Non-

Nationality)

Indian

Total No.

of MD/

1.501

1.604

1.706

1.890

1.974

2.013

2.052

2.145

2.259

2.521

CEOS

NSE listed

Companies

1.209

1.272

1,349

1.498

1.591

1,614

1.653

1.732

1.827

2.048

Mar 31.2023

Mar 31, 2024

inted non-Indians as their CEOs.
In a study published in the Management Decision journal in November 2018, researchers Rajiv Kumar and Jagdeep Chhokar have highlighted how local organisations in developing countries seem increasingly willing to empresseem increasing the contraction of the contr

loy 'self-initiated expatriates' (SIEs) — who move from developed countries to work in developing countries and occupy senior positions. According to the study, emergence of hitherto non-existent businesses, rapid expansion, global ambition and organisational maturity states.

rity seem to drive the demand for SIEs. Industrial decline elsewhere, attractiveness of emerging economies, challenging roles, prior experience within similar countries and a non-working spouse enable the SIEs acceptance of employment with such organizations.

employment with such organisations.

"If one looks at the track record of expat CEOs in India, very few – maybe around 10-15% – have been hugely successful" said Ronesh Puri, MD, Executive Access India, a leading search firm. "India is a very distinct and diverse country where a CEO needs to have a high emotional quotient and excellent people skills to emotionally connect with people. And, in case of expats, mishiring happens more often when a candidate's professional skills and performance are considered, and emotional and people skills aspects overlooked."